CHAPTER 7

APPEALS

IN GENERAL

This chapter provides information about state law provisions concerning appeals authorities and time limitations for review for first stage appeals, second stage appeals, and judicial review.

The Social Security Act (SSA) requires states to offer "opportunity for a fair hearing before an impartial tribunal, for all individuals whose claims for unemployment compensation are denied." Hence, all states' laws provide for such appeal tribunals. Further, all but a few states' laws provide for a second appeal stage. In all states, individuals who are not satisfied with the outcome of the administrative appeal(s) can appeal their cases in the state court system, federal courts, and, as a last resort, the U.S. Supreme Court. In all states, employers who have an interest are granted the right to appeal decisions on claims as well.

As a result of *California Department of Human Resources Development v. Java*, 402 U.S. 121 (1971), once a UI claimant has been found eligible for benefits, such claimant will continue to receive benefits until a decision is issued reversing the determination allowing benefits. Thus, an employer's appeal will not affect the continuance of payment of benefits unless a decision is issued denying benefits. The majority of state laws specifically provide for the payment of benefits pending an appeal of a determination or decision allowing benefits, while other states have either interpreted their laws or have been required by court order to follow this procedure. In all states, this procedure applies to any determination or decision issued allowing benefits.

Most of the states specify that findings of fact, conclusions of law, or final orders made by a UI hearing officer or board of review will not be binding in any separate or subsequent proceeding brought in any court, judicial, administrative, or arbitration proceeding in that state or of the U.S. government. Some states' laws provide that information obtained in connection with the UI law may not be used in certain civil lawsuits as well.

Table 7-1: STATES THAT DO NOT SPECIFY THAT FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS, OR ORDERS OF HEARING OFFICERS ARE NOT BINDING IN ANY OTHER PROCEEDING					
Alabama	Delaware	Hawaii	Kentucky	Maryland	
Mississippi	Puerto Rico	Rhode Island	South Carolina	Virginia	
Virgin Islands	West Virginia				

FIRST AND SECOND STAGE APPEALS

FIRST STAGE APPEALS—Typically, all states' laws provide that appeals at the initial stage will be conducted by one person called a referee, examiner, or administrative law judge.

The time period for appealing to the first stage appeals body is generally stated in terms of days. The number of days for filing an appeal after notice of the determination varies among the states, ranging from 5 to 30 days. Almost half of the states specify that a "day" is defined as a calendar day. Some of the states that do not define "day" extend the due date for filing appeals if the last day for filing or the date of mailing falls on a Saturday, Sunday, holiday, or any other day the state agency is closed. Many states extend the time for filing for good cause. For more specific information about states' law provisions, see Table 7-2.

In all but a few states, the decision of the first stage appeals body is final in the absence of an appeal. In other states, the official may reconsider his/her decision within the appeal period.

SECOND STAGE APPEALS—About half of the states that established second stage appeals have a board of review, board of appeals, or appeals board to hear cases appealed from the decision of the lower appeal tribunal. Almost all of these boards consist of three members. The members of the appeals boards generally represent labor, employers, and the public. The following is an overview of the exceptions concerning membership:

- AR The chairman must be an attorney who is not a representative of employers or employees.
- CA Two of the members must be attorneys.
- DE Two members will reside in New Castle County, one of who must live in the City of Wilmington; one member will reside in Kent County; one member will reside in Sussex County; and the final member will serve at large.
- IN No more than two members may belong to the same political party. One member must practice law in the state.
- ME The chairman of the commission must be an attorney.
- MA The chairman must be an attorney.
- NH When the board is in session, none of the three members can be from the same category of representation.
- NY No more than three members may belong to the same political party.
- OH No more than two members may belong to the same political party.
- OK No member may serve as an officer of any political party organization during his term of
 office
- OR No more than two members may belong to the same political party.
- RI No more than two members may belong to the same political party.
- WV The governor may not appoint anyone who is identified with the interests of either employers or employees.
- WY No more than two members may belong to the same political party.

In the rest of the states with second stage appeals, appeals are handled by an existing commission or agency head.

TIME LIMITS FOR FILING APPEALS AND APPELLATE ENTITIES—Many states extend the time for filing appeals for good cause; this provision can be found in policy rather than in law in some states. Some states provide that a contested determination which involves a labor dispute shall be appealed directly to the second stage appeals body. In some states, a special examiner is designated to redetermine the original claim. State-specific information for filing appeals can be found in the following table:

TABLE 7-2: TIME LIMITATIONS FOR APPEAL, AND APPELLATE ENTITIES					
	1 st Stage Appeals 2 nd Stage Appeals				
State	Number Of Days For Filing	Number Of Days For Filing	Appellate Entity		
AL	15 after mailing; 7 after delivery	15 after mailing	Board of Appeals		
AK	30 after mailing or personal delivery	30 after mailing or personal delivery	Commissioner		

	TABLE 7-2: TIME LIMITATIONS FOR APPEAL, AND APPELLATE ENTITIES					
	1 st Stage Appeals	2 nd Stage Appeals				
State	Number Of Days For Filing	Number Of Days For Filing	Appellate Entity			
AZ	15 [#] after mailing; 7 [#] after delivery	30 [#] after mailing or electronic transmission	Appeals Board			
AR	20 [#] after mailing or delivery if not mailed	20 [#] after mailing or delivery if not mailed	Board of Review			
CA	20 after mailing or personal service	20 after mailing or personal service	Appeals Board			
СО	20# after mailing or personal delivery	20 [#] after mailing or personal delivery	Industrial Claim Appeals Office (Panel)			
СТ	21 after mailing, or bears a legible U.S. Postal Service postmark indicating the appeal was placed in the possession of postal authorities within the 21-day period	30 [#] after mailing	Board of Review			
DE	10 [#] after mailing	10 after decision is final	UI Appeal Board			
DC	15 [#] after mailing or actual delivery ¹	NO SECOND ST	ΓAGE APPEAL			
FL	20 [#] after mailing or delivery	20 [#] after mailing or delivery	Unemployment Appeals Commission			
GA	15 after mailing or delivery	15 after mailing	Board of Review			
HI	10 from mailing or delivery	NO SECOND ST	ΓAGE APPEAL			
ID	14 after mailing or delivery	14 after actual notice	Industrial Commission			
IL	30 after mailing or delivery	30 after mailing	Board of Review			
IN	10 after mailing or delivery	15 after notification or mailing	Review Board			
IA	10 after mailing	15 after notification or mailing	Employment Appeal Board			
KS	16 [#] after mailing or delivery	16 after mailing	Board of Review			
KY	15 after mailing	15 after mailing	UI Commission			
LA	15 after mailing or being given to the party	15 after mailing or being given to the party	Board of Review			
ME	15 [#] after mailing ^{1, 2}	15 [#] after mailing ^{1, 2}	UI Commission			
MD	15 [#] after mailing or delivery	15 [#] after mailing or delivery	Board of Appeals			
MA	30 after mailing or delivery	30 after mailing	Board of Review			
MI	30 after mailing, by facsimile, or other electronic method	30 after mailing, by facsimile, or other electronic method	Board of Review			
MN	20 [#] after mailing	NO SECOND S'	ΓAGE APPEAL			
MS	14 after notification or delivery	14 after notification or delivery	Board of Review			
MO	30 from delivery or mailing	30 from delivery or mailing	Industrial Commission			
MT	10 after mailing	10 after mailing	Board of Labor Appeals			
NE	20 after delivery or mailing NO SECOND STAGE APPEAL		ΓAGE APPEAL			
NV	11 after mailing or personal service	11 after mailing or personal service	Board of Review			
NH	14 [#] after mailing	14 after mailing	Appellate Board			
NJ	7 after delivery, 10 after mailing	20 after notification or mailing	Board of Review			
NM	15 after notification or mailing	15 after notification or mailing	Board of Review			
NY	30 after mailing or personal delivery	20 after mailing or personal delivery	Appeal Board			
NC	15 after notification or mailing	10* after notification or mailing	Division of Employment Security			
ND	12 after mailing or service	12 after mailing or service	Bureau			
ОН	21 [#] after mailing or redetermination	iling or redetermination 21 [#] after mailing Unemployment Compens Review Commission				
OK	10 after mailing or delivery	30 after mailing	Board of Review			
OR	20 after mailing or delivery	20 after mailing or delivery	Employment Appeals Board			

	TABLE 7-2: TIME LIMITATIONS FOR APPEAL, AND APPELLATE ENTITIES					
	1 st Stage Appeals	2 nd Stage Appeals				
State	Number Of Days For Filing	Number Of Days For Filing	Appellate Entity			
PA	15 [#] after mailing	15 after mailing	Board of Review			
PR	15 after mailing or delivery	15 after mailing or delivery	Secretary of Labor			
RI	15#	15	Board of Review			
SC	10 after mailing to last known address	10 [#] after mailing	Appellate Panel			
SD	15 after mailing	15 after mailing or notification	Secretary			
TN	15 [#] after mailing or delivery, whichever occurs first	NO SECOND STAGE APPEAL				
TX	14 after mailing	14 after mailing	Commission Appeals			
UT	15 [#] after mailing	30 after notice	Appeals Board			
VT	30 after mailing	30	Employment Security Board			
VI	10 after mailing or delivery	NO SECOND STAGE APPEAL				
VA	30 [#] after mailing or delivery	30 after mailing or delivery	Commission Appeals			
WA	30 after mailing or notification	30 after mailing or notification	Employment Security Commission			
WV	8 [#] after mailing or delivery	8 [#] after mailing or delivery	Board of Review			
WI	14 after mailing or being given to such party, whichever occurs first	21 after mailing	Labor and Industry Review Commission			
WY	15 after mailing or delivery	15 after mailing or delivery	Employment Security Commission			

[#] Indicates "calendar" days * Indicates "working" days

JUDICIAL REVIEW

All states provide for appeals to the courts for judicial review. In general, the time limit for filing ranges from 10 to 30 days. States that designate a specific period of time to exhaust actions before the second administrative appeal body decision becomes final provide an additional period of time in which to seek judicial review, commencing with the date the decision is final.

	TABLE 7-3: JUDICIAL REVIEW					
State	Number of Days for Filing			Court of Initial Jurisdiction		
State	After Delivery*	After Mailing [*]	Other	Court of Initial Juristiction		
AL		10 + 30		Circuit Court in county in which claimant resides		
AK			Within 30 days after date of entry of decision (prescribed by appellate rules)	Superior Court		
AZ		30 [#] from date of decision		Court of Appeals		
AR		30 [#] from date of decision		Court of Appeals		
CA			Within 6 months of date of decision, or date it is designated a precedent, whichever is later	Superior Court; by court rule, no statutory provision		

¹ The 15-day appeal period may be extended if the claimant or any party to the proceeding shows excusable neglect or good cause.

² An additional 15 days may be allowed if appellant shows good cause for late filing.

TABLE 7-3: JUDICIAL REVIEW					
Number of Days for Filing			a		
State	After Delivery*	After Mailing*	Other	Court of Initial Jurisdiction	
СО		15 + 20; claimant must appeal to commission for a review within 15 days before appeal to court		Court of Appeals	
СТ		31		Superior Court in Hartford or district where appellant resides	
DE	10 + 10			Superior Court	
DC			30 days after decision is final	D.C. Court of Appeals	
FL			Within 30 days of date of entry of decision (prescribed by appellate rules)	District Court of Appeals in appellate district in which claimant resides or the job separation arose, or in the appellate district where the order was issued	
GA	15 + 15			Superior Court in county or city in which the claimant last worked	
HI			30 days after service of referee's decision	Circuit Court in county in which claimant resides or in county or city in which claimant last worked	
ID	30			Supreme Court	
IL		35		Circuit Court in county in which claimant resides or county where business is located. Non-resident may file suit in Circuit Court of Cook County	
IN		15; or 30 days from date of notice of intention to appeal made within the 15-day period		Indiana Court of Appeals	
IA	10 + 20			District Court in county in which claimant resides. Non-resident may file suit in District Court of Polk County or where claimant last worked	
KS		16		District Court in county where claimant resides. Non-resident may file suit in Shawnee County District Court or in county in which business is located	
KY			20 days after date of decision	Circuit Court in county or city in which claimant last worked	
LA	15			District Court in the parish in which claimant resides	
ME	10 + 15			Superior Court in county in which plaintiff lives or does business	
MD	30			Circuit Court of county of Baltimore	
MA		20		District Court in county in which claimant resides or in county or city in which claimant last worked	
MI		30		Circuit Court in county in which claimant resides or last worked, or county in which business is located	
MN		30		Court of Appeals	
MS	10 + 10			Circuit Court of the county where party resides, the county in which the action arose, or in the county of employment	
МО	10 + 20			Appellate Court; appeals on interstate claims will be in Court of Appeals for the Western District	
MT		30		District Court in county in which claimant resides	
NE		5 + 30; no further administrative appeal		District Court in county in which claimant resides or last worked	

	TABLE 7-3: JUDICIAL REVIEW					
Number of Days for Filing			Count of Initial Innih disting			
State	After Delivery*	After Mailing*	Other	Court of Initial Jurisdiction		
NV	10 + 10			District Court where employment was performed		
NH		30		Supreme Court		
NJ		45; by court rule, no statutory provision		Superior Court, Appellate Division		
NM			15; after notification or mailing of decision	District Court in county in which claimant resides		
NY	30			Supreme Court, Appellate Division, Third Department		
NC	30; party must file a notice of intent to appeal before decision is final			Superior Court in county in which claimant resides		
ND	30			District Court		
ОН		30		Court of Common Pleas in county in which claimant resides or last worked, or in county in which business is located		
OK		30		District Court in county in which claimant resides. Non-resident may file suit in District Court of Oklahoma County		
OR			30; after decision is served	Circuit Court		
PA		15 + 30		Commonwealth Court		
PR	30			Superior Court in county in which claimant resides.		
RI	30			District Court - Sixth Division, State of Rhode Island		
SC		30		Administrative Law Court		
SD			30 days after date of decision	Circuit Court		
TN			30 days after decision of commissioner has become final	Chancery Court in county in which claimant resides. Non-resident may file suit in Chancery Court of the county in which employer is located		
TX		14 + 14		County Court in county in which claimant resides. Non-resident may file suit in Travis County Court		
UT	10 + 10		30 days after date of decision	Utah Court of Appeals		
VT		2	30 days after notice of appeal is filed	Supreme Court		
VA		30		Circuit Court where claimant last worked		
VI	30			District Court of the Virgin Islands		
WA	30			Superior Court; appeals on intrastate claims filed in petitioner's choice of Thurston County or county of residence or business; appeals on interstate claims in Thurston County		
WV		30 + 20; appeals involving a labor dispute must be filed within 20 days of mailing of Board's decision		Circuit Court of Kanawha County		
WI		30		Circuit Court of Dane County		

TABLE 7-3: JUDICIAL REVIEW					
State	Number of Days for Filing			Court of Initial Jurisdiction	
State	After Delivery*	After Mailing*	Other	Court of finitial Jurisdiction	
WY	10			District Court of Natrona County, or in county in which claimant resides, or in county in which business is located	

[#] Indicates "calendar" days

^{*} Where two figures are shown, the first figure is the number of days after which the decision is final and is the time claimant has to exhaust actions before administrative appeal bodies; the second figure is additional time allowed to seek judicial review.